

**Unit 10 – Radical Expressions and Equations** Test

Find the distance between the points: A (2, -2) and B (5, 2)

1.  $(x_1, y_1)$   $(x_2, y_2)$   $d = ?$   
 $(2, -2)$   $(5, 2)$

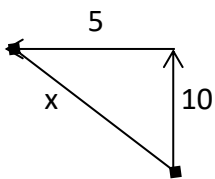
Find the length of the missing side in the following example.

2.  $a = 9$   $b = ?$   $c = 20$

Determine whether each set of numbers form a Pythagorean triple.

3.  $(6, 8, 10)$

4. Andy walked 10 miles north and 5 miles west. How far is he from his starting point?



Simplify the following expressions.

5.  $\frac{5}{5 + \sqrt{5}} =$

$\sqrt{36x^5y^8} =$

**Unit 10 – Radical Expressions and Equations** Test

6.  $\sqrt{6xy^2} = \sqrt{6^2x^2y^2} =$   $\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{a^3b^2}} =$

Simplify radicals and recognize like or unlike radicals.

7.  $\sqrt[3]{250}$ ;  $\sqrt[3]{54}$ ;  $\sqrt[3]{16}$

Perform the indicated operations and simplify your answer. Assume that all variables represent positive real numbers.

8.  $\sqrt{\frac{16a^2}{5b}} + 4\sqrt{\frac{4a^2}{5b}} =$

9.  $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} =$

10.  $(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y})^2 =$

11.  $(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2}) =$

## Unit 10 – Radical Expressions and Equations Test

Solve the following radical equation.

12.  $\sqrt{x^2 + 35} - x + 5 = 0$

Checking solution:

13.  $x = \frac{\sqrt{x+3}}{2}$

Checking solution:

Identify the domain and range of each function.

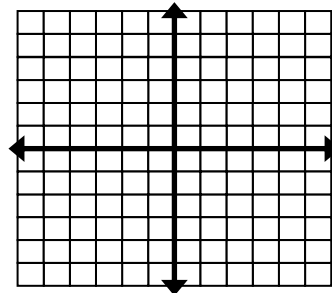
14.  $y = \sqrt{x - 14}$

Domain

Range

Graph square root function

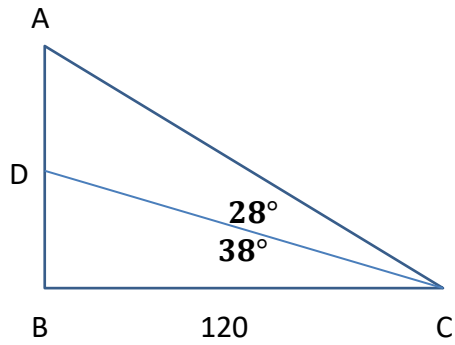
15.  $y = \sqrt{x + 5} - 4$





## Unit 10 – Radical Expressions and Equations Test

20. How would you calculate the length of AB using the information provided? Show all your steps.



**Unit 10 – Radical Expressions and Equations** Test**ANSWERS**

Find the distance between the points: A (2, -2) and B (5,2)

$$1. \quad \begin{array}{l} (x_1, y_1) \quad (x_2, y_2) \quad d = ? \\ (2, -2) \quad (5, 2) \end{array}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2} \quad d =$$

$$\sqrt{(5 - 2)^2 + (2 - (-2))^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{25}$$

$$d = 5$$

Find the length of the missing side in the following example.

$$2. \quad a = 9 \quad b = ? \quad c = 20$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$b^2 = 20^2 - 9^2$$

$$b^2 = 400 - 81$$

$$b^2 = 319$$

$$b = \sqrt{319}$$

$$b = 17.86$$

Determine whether each set of numbers form a Pythagorean triple.

$$3. \quad (6, 8, 10)$$

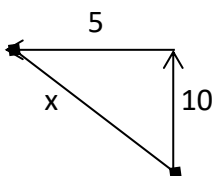
$$10^2 = 6^2 + 8^2$$

$$100 = 36 + 64$$

$$100 = 100$$

$$\text{yes}$$

4. Andy walked 10 miles north and 5 miles west. How far is he from his starting point?



$$x^2 = 10^2 + 5^2$$

$$x^2 = 100 + 25$$

$$x^2 = 125$$

$$x = \sqrt{125}$$

$$x = 11.18 \text{ miles}$$

Simplify the following expressions.

$$5. \quad \frac{5}{5 + \sqrt{5}} =$$

$$= \frac{5}{5 + \sqrt{5}} = \frac{5}{5 + \sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{5 - \sqrt{5}}{5 - \sqrt{5}} = \frac{5(5 - \sqrt{5})}{5^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2} =$$

$$= \frac{5(5 - \sqrt{5})}{20} = \frac{(5 - \sqrt{5})}{4}$$

$$\sqrt{36x^5y^8} = \sqrt{6^2 * x * (x^2)^2(y^4)^2} =$$

$$= 6x^2y^4\sqrt{x}$$

**Unit 10 – Radical Expressions and Equations Test**

$$6. \quad \sqrt{6xy}^2 = \sqrt{6^2x^2y^2} = \mathbf{6xy} \qquad \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{a^3b^2}} = \sqrt[3 \cdot 2]{a^3b^2} = \mathbf{\sqrt[6]{a^3b^2}}$$

Simplify radicals and recognize like or unlike radicals.

$$7. \quad \sqrt[3]{250}; \sqrt[3]{54}; \sqrt[3]{16} \qquad \mathbf{LIKE RADICALS}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{2 \cdot 5^3}; \sqrt[3]{2 \cdot 3^3}; \sqrt[3]{2 \cdot 2^3}$$

$$\mathbf{5\sqrt[3]{2}}; \mathbf{3\sqrt[3]{2}}; \mathbf{2\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

Perform the indicated operations and simplify your answer. Assume that all variables represent positive real numbers.

$$8. \quad \sqrt{\frac{16a^2}{5b}} + 4\sqrt{\frac{4a^2}{5b}} = 4a\sqrt{\frac{1}{5b}} + 8a\sqrt{\frac{1}{5b}} = 12a\sqrt{\frac{1}{5b}} = 12a\frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{5b}} * \frac{\sqrt{5b}}{\sqrt{5b}} = \mathbf{\frac{12a}{5b}\sqrt{5b}}$$

$$9. \quad \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} * \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{6} = \frac{3\sqrt{6}}{6} + \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{6} = \mathbf{\frac{5\sqrt{6}}{6}}$$

$$10. \quad (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y})^2 =$$

$$= (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}) * (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}) =$$

$$= \sqrt{x} * \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} * \sqrt{y} - \sqrt{y} * \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} * \sqrt{y}$$

$$= x - \sqrt{xy} - \sqrt{xy} + y$$

$$= \mathbf{x - 2\sqrt{xy} + y}$$

$$11. \quad (\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2}) =$$

$$= \sqrt{5} * \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{5} * \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} * \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2} * \sqrt{2} =$$

$$= 5 - \sqrt{10} + \sqrt{10} - 2 =$$

$$= \mathbf{5 - 2 =}$$

$$= \mathbf{3}$$

## Unit 10 – Radical Expressions and Equations Test

Solve the following radical equation.

$$\begin{aligned}
 12. \quad & \sqrt{x^2 + 35} - x + 5 = 0 \\
 & \sqrt{x^2 + 35} = x - 5 \\
 & (\sqrt{x^2 + 35})^2 = (x - 5)^2 \\
 & x^2 + 35 = x^2 - 10x + 25 \\
 & 10x = -10 \\
 & x = -1
 \end{aligned}$$

Checking solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= -1 \\
 \sqrt{(-1)^2 + 35} - (-1) + 5 &= 0 \\
 \sqrt{36} + 1 + 5 &= 0 \\
 6 &\neq -6
 \end{aligned}$$

$x = -1$  is an extraneous solution of this equation

$$\begin{aligned}
 13. \quad & x = \frac{\sqrt{x+3}}{2} \\
 2x &= \sqrt{x+3} \\
 (2x)^2 &= (\sqrt{x+3})^2 \\
 4x^2 &= x+3 \\
 4x^2 - x - 3 &= 0 \\
 (x-1)\left(x+\frac{3}{4}\right) &= 0 \\
 x_1 &= 1 \\
 \\ \\
 x_2 &= -\frac{3}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x_1 &= 1 \\
 1 &= \frac{\sqrt{1+3}}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$1 = 1$$

$x_1 = 1$  is a solution of this equation

$$\begin{aligned}
 x_2 &= -\frac{3}{4} \\
 -\frac{3}{4} &= \frac{\sqrt{\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)+3}}{2} \\
 -\frac{1}{5} &\neq \frac{1}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$x_2 = -\frac{3}{4}$  is an extraneous solution of this equation  
**{1}**

Identify the domain and range of each function.

$$14. \quad y = \sqrt{x-14}$$

Domain

$$x - 14 \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 14$$

$$D: [14, \infty]$$

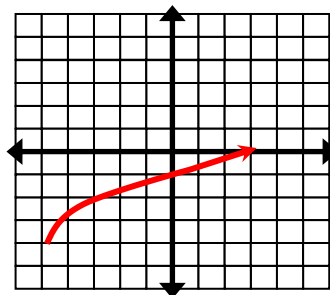
Range

$$y \geq 0$$

$$R: [0, \infty]$$

Graph square root function

$$15. \quad y = \sqrt{x+5} - 4$$



# Unit 10 – Radical Expressions and Equations Test

Use the description to write the square root function  $g(x)$ .

16. The parent function  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  is reflected across the x-axis, and translated down 5 units.

$$g(x) = -\sqrt{x} - 5$$

Graph function and identify its domain and range.

17.  $y = \sqrt{x + 2}$

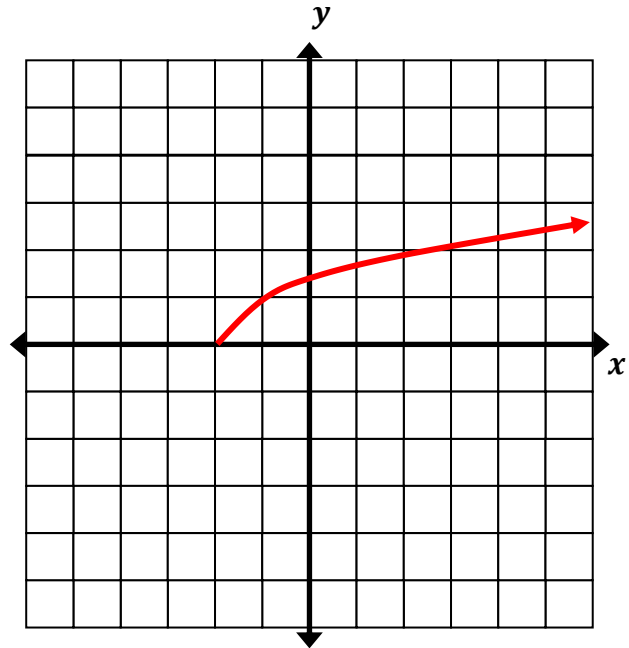
5. Horizontal Shift: Left 2, No Vertical Shift  
6. Table

x	y
-2	0
-1	1
0	1,41
2	2
6	2,82

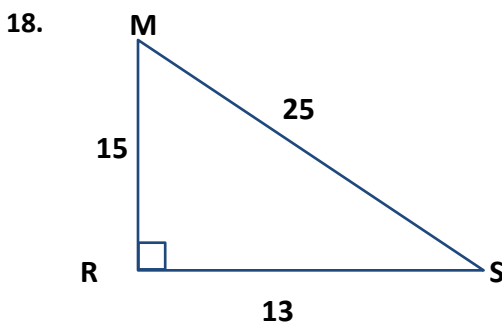
7. Graph

8. Domain  
 $x + 2 \geq 0$   
 $x \geq -2$   
**D:  $[-2, \infty]$**

- Range  
 **$y \geq 0$**   
**R:  $[0, \infty]$**



Find  $\sin \angle S$ ,  $\cos \angle S$



$$\sin \angle S = \frac{\overline{RM}}{\overline{MS}}$$

$$\sin \angle S = \frac{15}{25}$$

$$\sin \angle S = 0,6$$

$$\cos \angle S = \frac{\overline{SR}}{\overline{MS}}$$

$$\cos \angle S = \frac{13}{25}$$

$$\cos \angle S \approx 0,52$$

Find the value of  $\alpha$  that makes each statement true.

19.  $\sin \alpha = \cos(\alpha - 48^\circ)$

$$\sin \alpha = \cos(\alpha - 48^\circ)$$

$$\cos(90^\circ - \alpha) = \cos(\alpha - 48^\circ)$$

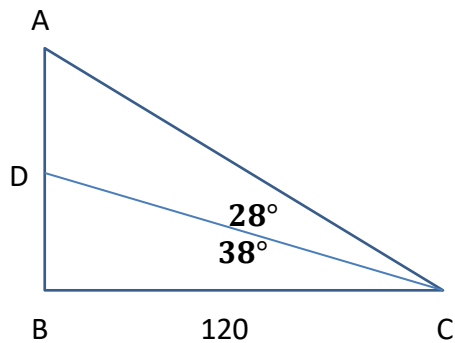
$$90^\circ - \alpha = \alpha - 48^\circ$$

$$2\alpha = 138^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 69^\circ$$

**Unit 10 – Radical Expressions and Equations** Test

20. How would you calculate the length of AB using the information provided? Show all your steps.



$$\begin{aligned}\tan 66^\circ &= \frac{AB}{120} \\ AB &= 120 * \tan 66^\circ \\ AB &= 120 * 2,25\end{aligned}$$

$$AB = 269.52$$