

Order of Operations and Evaluating Expressions Guide Notes

EVALUATE ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS means to find its numerical value.

ORDER OF OPERATIONS is a method used to evaluate an expression involving more than one operation. In algebraic expressions, it can only be evaluated if the values of the variables are known.

- Step 1** Replace the variables with their numerical values.
- Step 2** Evaluate expressions inside grouping symbols.
- Step 3** Evaluate all powers.
- Step 4** Do all multiplications and/or divisions from left to right.
- Step 5** Do all additions and/or subtractions from left to right.

Example: Evaluate $z^4 - 3$, if $z = 2$.

$$\begin{aligned} z^4 - 3 &= 2^4 - 3 && \text{Replace } z \text{ with } 2. \\ &= 16 - 3 && \text{Evaluate } 2^4 \\ z^4 - 3 &= 13 && \text{Subtract } 16 \text{ and } 3 \end{aligned}$$

Sample Problem 1: Evaluate each expression if $x = 2$, $y = 4$, and $z = 6$.

- a. $x^3 + 10y$
- b. $\frac{22}{x} + 16$
- c. $\frac{z}{3} + y$
- d. $y + z + x$
- e. $x + 5$

GROUPING SYMBOLS, such as parentheses () or brackets [], indicate the order in which the operations should be performed first.

Example: Evaluate $a^2 - (b^3 - 4c)$, if $a = 8$, $b = 5$, and $c = 3$.

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 - (b^3 - 4c) &= 8^2 - (5^3 - 4 \cdot 3) && \text{Replace } a \text{ with } 8, b \text{ with } 5, \text{ and } c \text{ with } 3. \\ &= 64 - (125 - 4 \cdot 3) && \text{Evaluate } 8^2 \text{ and } 5^3 \\ &= 64 - (125 - 12) && \text{Multiply } 4 \text{ and } 3 \\ &= 64 - 113 && \text{Subtract } 125 \text{ and } 12 \\ a^2 - (b^3 - 4c) &= -49 && \text{Subtract } 64 \text{ from } 113 \end{aligned}$$

Order of Operations and Evaluating Expressions Guide Notes**Sample Problem 2:** Evaluate each expression if $r = 4$, $s = 6$, $t = 3$, and $u = 12$.

f. $2r + st^2 - u$

g. $tu - rs$

h. $st - 4r$

i. $r^3 + u + s^t$

j. $tu - 3r$

FRACTION BAR is another type of grouping symbol. It indicates that the numerator and denominator should each be treated as a single value.**Example:** Evaluate $\frac{x^2-1}{4y^2}$, if $x = 9$, and $y = 2$.

$$\frac{x^2 - 1}{4y^2} = \frac{9^2 - 1}{4 \cdot 2^2}$$

Replace x with **9**, and y with **2**.

$$= \frac{81 - 1}{4 \cdot 4}$$

Evaluate **9²** and **2²**

$$= \frac{81 - 1}{16}$$

Multiply **4** and **4**

$$= \frac{80}{16}$$

Subtract **1** from **81**

$$\frac{x^2 - 1}{4y^2} = 5$$

Divide **80** to **16****Sample Problem 3:** Evaluate each expression if $r = 4$, $s = 6$, $t = 3$, and $u = 12$.

a. $\frac{2r(s-t)}{tu-s}$

b. $\frac{u}{s} + \frac{3s}{t^2}$

c. $\frac{rs^2 - 3u}{2}$

d. $\frac{3r+s}{t^2-s}$

e. $\frac{2u+s^2}{r+2t}$